Web Development

BSc Applied Computing / Forensics / Entertainment Systems/ IOT



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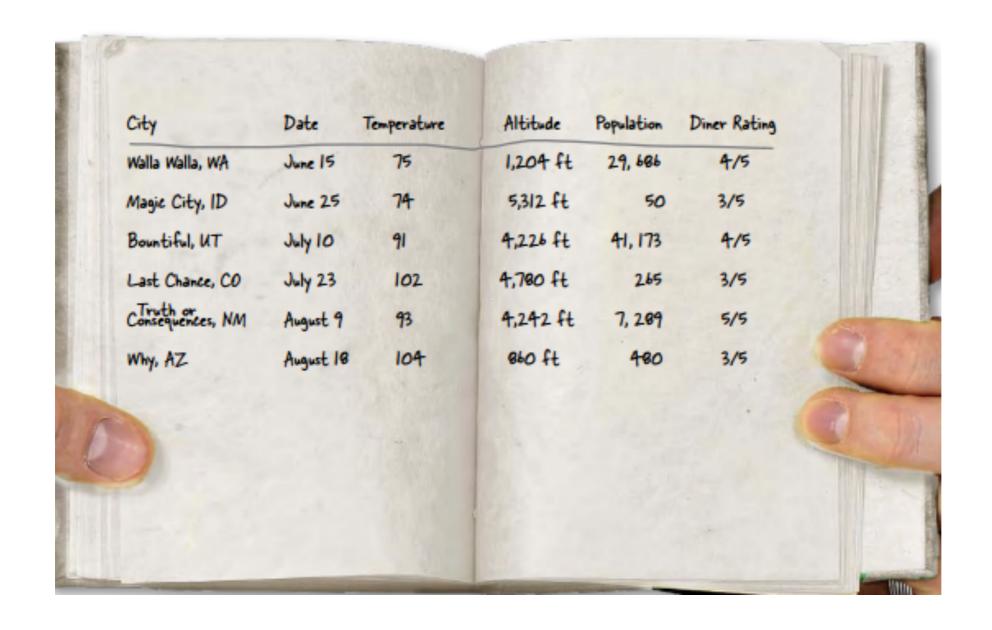


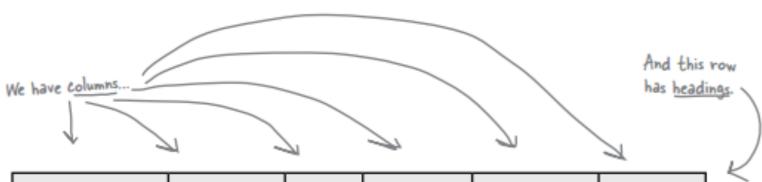


HTML Tables & Forms

Web Development

Sometimes you need to present tabular data, perhaps for inventory of products or a catalog of albums.



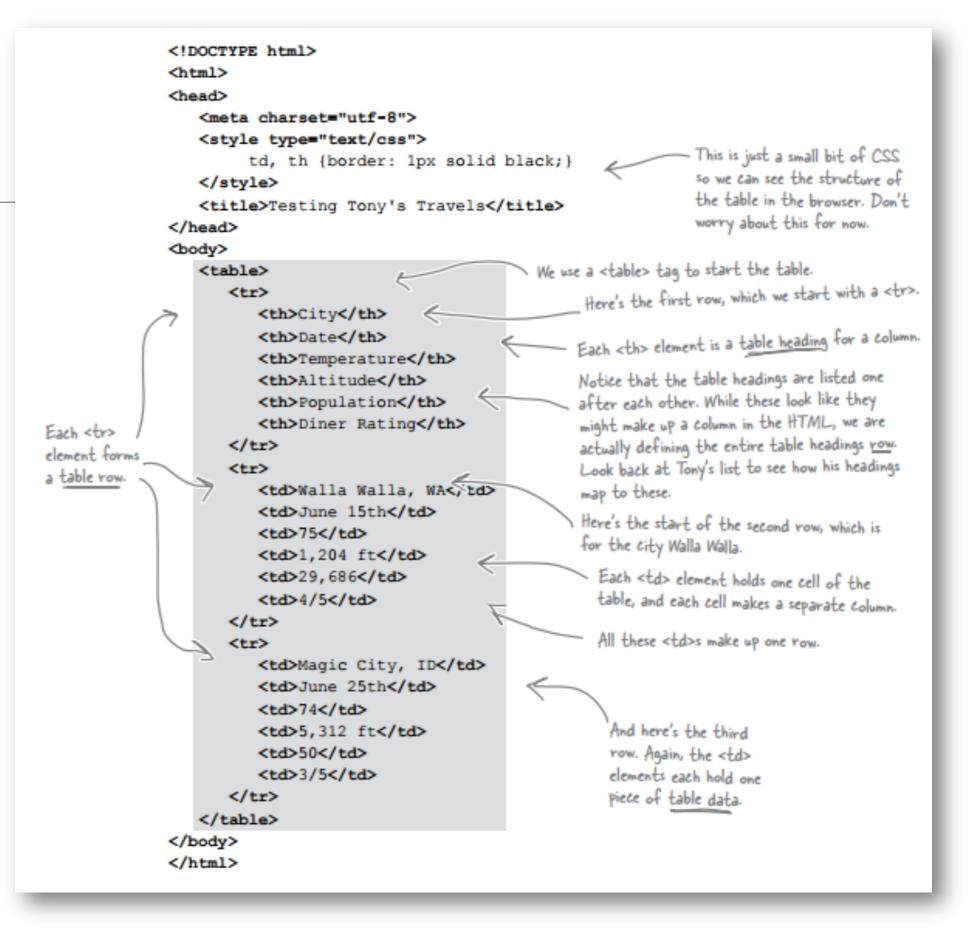


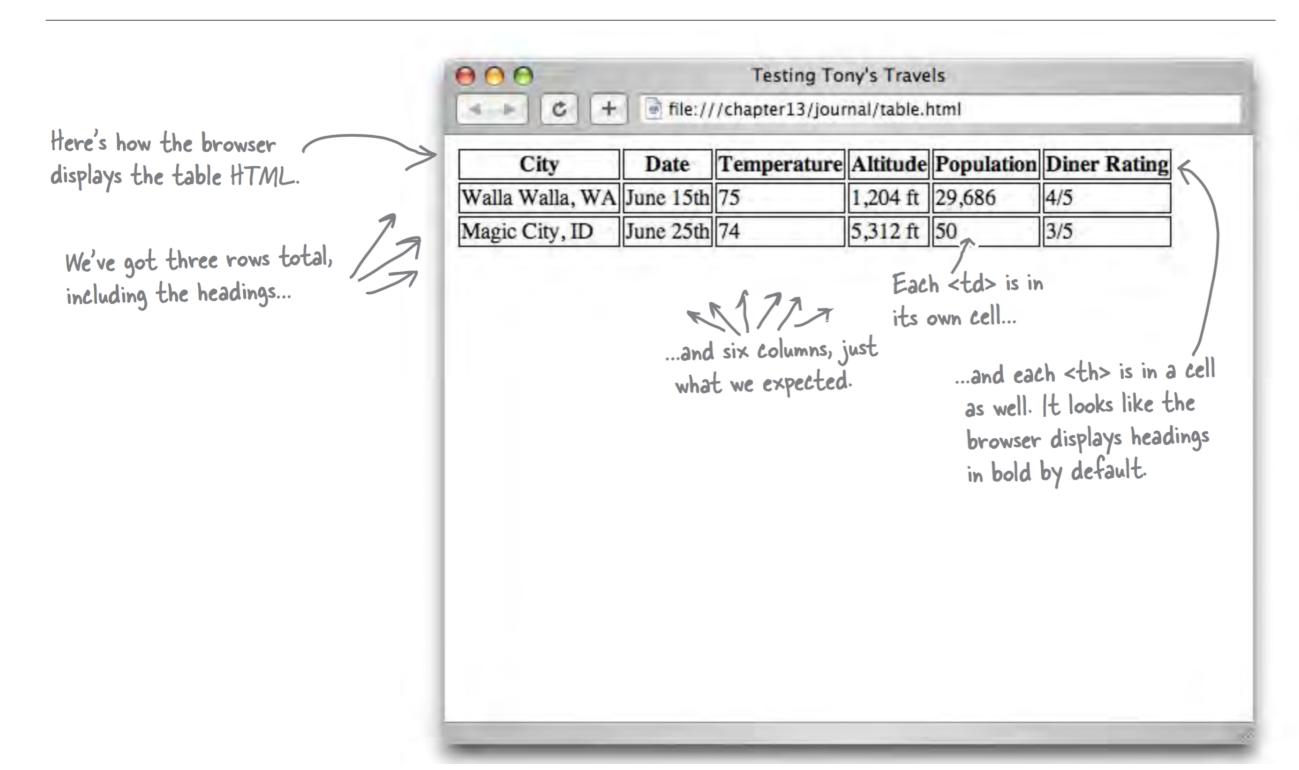
	City	Date	Temp	Altitude	Population	Diner Rating
	Walla Walla, WA	June 15th	75	1,204 ft	29,686	4/5
>	Magic City, ID	June 25th	74	5,312 ft	50	3/5
-	Bountiful, UT	July 10th	91	4,226 ft	41,173	4/5
7	Last Chance, CO	July 23rd)	102	4,780 ft	265	3/5
	Truth or Consequences, NM	August Arh	93	4,242 ft	7,289	5/5
*	Why, AZ	August 18th	104	860 ft	480	3/5

- You can create table-like layout using <div>'s and CSS but that is for layout purposes, and isn't related to content itself.
- HTML has a
 element to take care of
 marking up tabular data.

We call each piece of data a <u>cell</u>, or sometimes just <u>table data</u>.

Rows Columns Headers





You've seen four elements used to create a single table:

.

The tag starts the whole thing off. When you want a table, start here.

The > element contains one cell in the heading of your table. It must be inside a table row.

Date

The tag ends a row of the table.

>	City	Date	Temp	Altitude	Population	Diner Rating
	Walla Walla, WA	June 15th	75	1,204 ft	29,686	4/5
	Magic City, ID	June 25th	74	5,312 ft	50	3/5
	Bountiful, UT	July 10th	91	4,226 ft	41,173	4/5
	Last Chance, CO	July 23rd	102	4,780 ft	265	3/5
	Truth or Consequences, NM	August 9th	93	4,242 ft	7,289	5/5
>	Why, AZ	August 18th	104	860 ft	480	3/5

Each element

specifies a table row.

So, all the table data

that goes in a row is

nested inside the
element.

August 9th

The element contains one data cell in your table. It must be inside a table row.

The tag ends the table.

Table give you a way to specify tabular data in your HTML.

Tables consist of data cells within rows. Columns are implicitly defined within the rows.

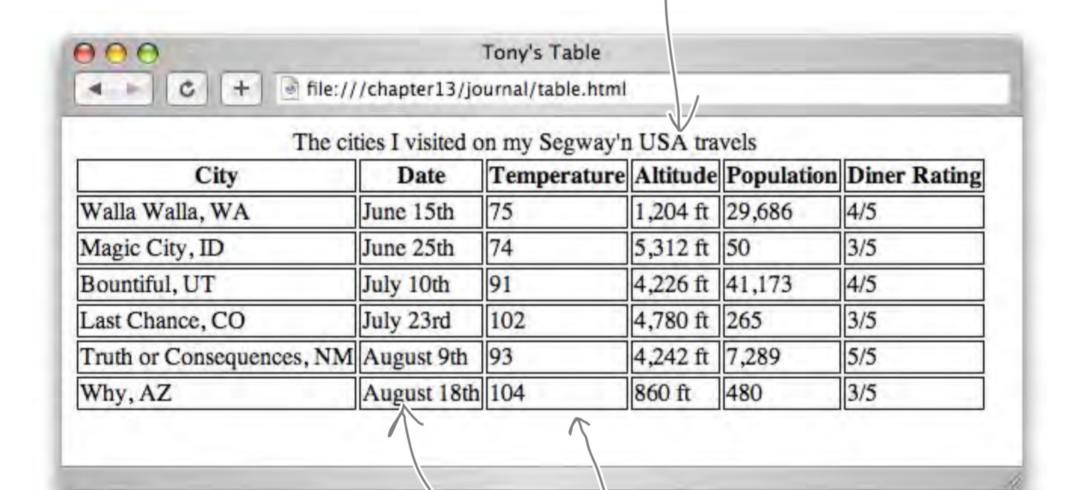
The number of columns in your table will be the number of data cells you have in a row.

In general, tables are not meant to be used for presentation: that's the job of CSS

Adding a caption – you can improve your table by adding a caption.

The caption is displayed in the browser. By default, most browsers display this above the table. If you don't like the default location of the caption, you can use CSS to reposition it. Older browsers don't support repositioning the caption. Always put the caption at the top of the table in the HTML and use CSS to reposition it to the bottom if that's where you want it.

The caption is at the top of the table. It'll probably look better on the bottom.



We really need to add some padding to the table data cells, to make them easier to read...

...and a splash of orange to match Tony's site could really pull the whole thing together.

...and the border lines are really "heavy" visually. We could use much "lighter" borders in the table cells, although it would be nice to have a dark border around the whole table...

```
First, we'll style the table. We're going to add a margin on
                                               the left and right, and a thin, black border to the table.
table {
     margin-left: 20px;
     margin-right: 20px;
                                                  And we're going to move that caption
     border: thin solid black;
                                                  to the bottom of the table.
     caption-side: bottom;
td, th {
                                                 Let's also change the border on the table data cells to be a
     border: thin dotted gray; <
                                                 much lighter, dotted border in gray.
     padding: 5px;
                                                 And let's add some padding to the data cells so there's some
                                                 space between the data content and the border.
caption {
     font-style: italic;
                                            This rule styles the caption. We're changing the
    padding-top: 8px;
                                            font-style to italic and adding some top padding.
```

All the fonts are now sans—serif and a smaller size. We picked that up from the previous styles already in the file.

Now we've got a dark borderand dotted lines.

And we've got some margin on the table and some padding in each table cell.

Those dotted lines are looking really busy and distracting, though. It doesn't help that they are duplicated between each pair of table cells.



Well I made it 1200 miles already, and I passed through some interesting places on the way:

	City		Temperature		•	Diner Rating
7	Walla Walla, WA	June 15th	75	1,204 ft		4/5
	Magic City, ID	June 25th	74	5,312 ft	50	3/5
ĺ	Bountiful, UT	July 10th		4,226 ft	41,173	4/5
	Last Chance, CO	July 23rd				3/5
	Truth or Consequences, NM	August 9th	93	4,242 ft		
	Why, AZ	August 18th	104	860 ft	480	3/5

The cities I visited on my Segway'n USA travels

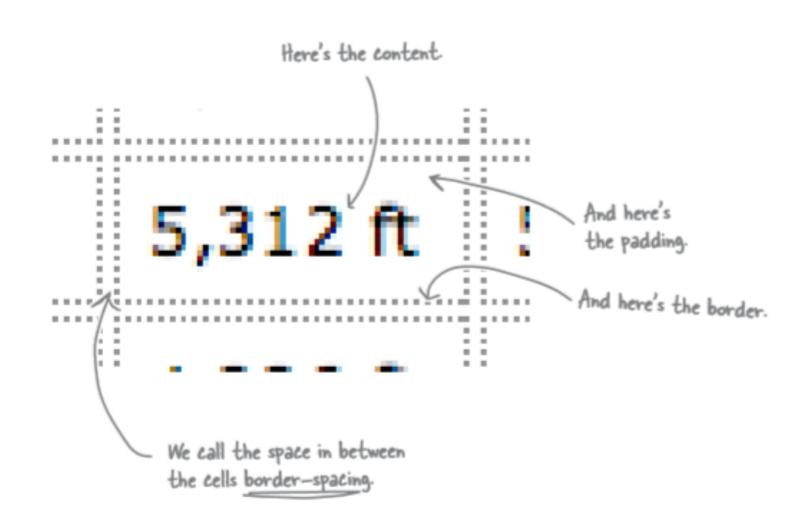
July 14, 2012

I saw some Burma Shave style signs on the side of the road today:

Passing cars, When you can't see, May get you, A glimpse, Of eternity.

I definitely won't be passing any cars.

Table cells look like they just use the box.. They've got padding and a border.
Do they also have margin?



This is just like the border-spacing property we used in the CSS table display layout for Starbuzz

So instead of a margin, we have a border-spacing property, which is defined over the entire table. In other words, you can't set the "margin" of an individual table cell; rather, you set a common spacing around all cells.

We would like to have just one border around each table cell.

There is a way to solve the double border issue we can set the border-collapse property.

This means there is no border spacing between cells. It combines two borders beside each other into one border. This "collapses" two borders into one.

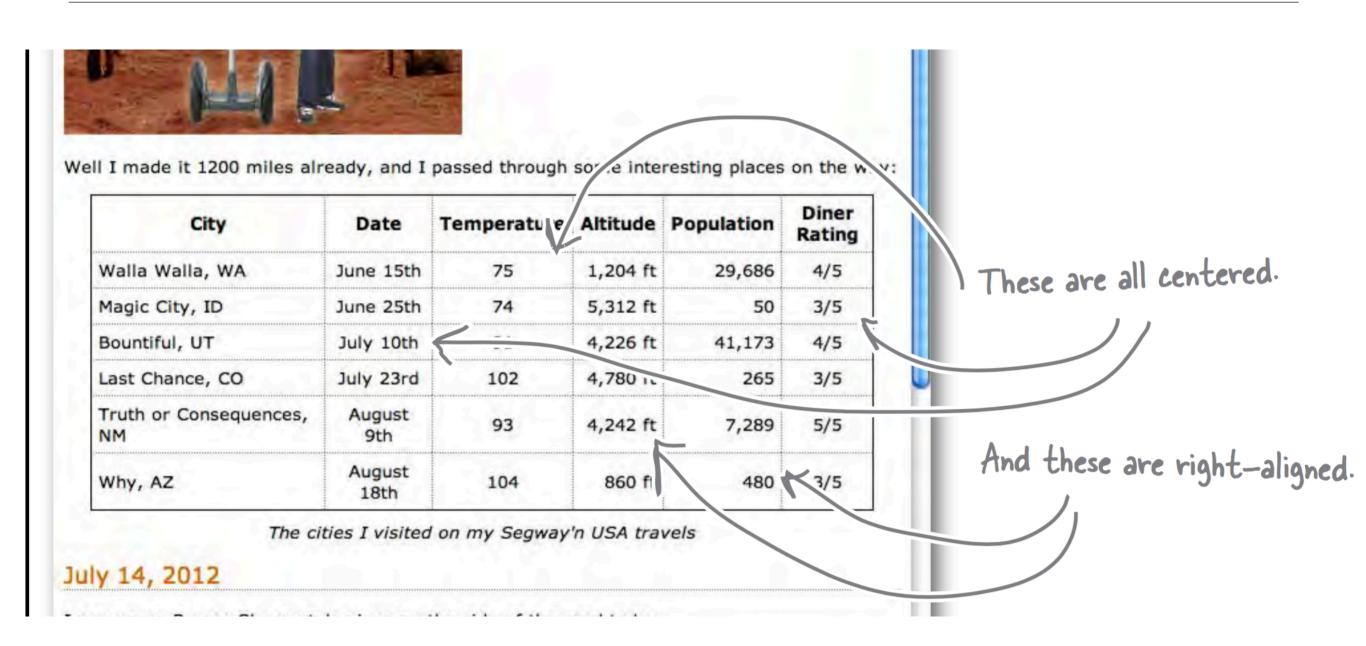
```
table {
   margin-left: 20px;
   margin-right: 20px;
   border: thin solid black;
   caption-side: bottom;
   border-collapse: collapse;
}
```



Styling HTML Tables

E.g. example you may want date, temperature, and diner rating to be centre-aligned. Perhaps right alignment on the altitude and population.

You could define two classes, one for centre-aligned and one for right-aligned. Then just use the text-align property in each. Then add the appropriate class to the correct elements.

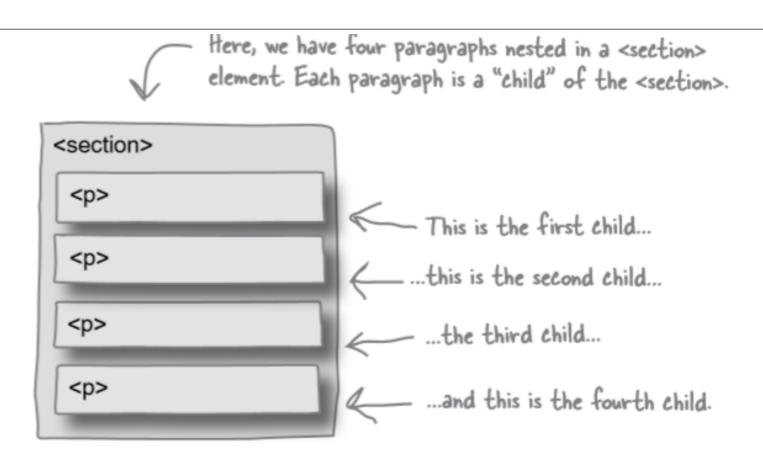


City	Date	Temperature	Altitude	Population	Diner Rating
Walla Walla, WA	June 15th	75	1,204 ft	29,686	4/5
Magic City, ID	June 25th	74	5,312 ft	50	3/5
Bountiful, UT	July 10th	91	4,226 ft	41,173	4/5
Last Chance, CO	July 23rd	102	4,780 ft	265	3/5
Truth or Consequences, NM	August 9th	93	4,242 ft	7,289	5/5
Why, AZ	August 18th	104	860 ft	480	3/5

The cities I visited on my Segway'n USA travels

- Style the header to have one background color and then alternate rows to have another color.
- You can do this by placing the appropriate class name into every other

- Instead of placing the class name into every other
 we can use another more advanced CSS method.
- pseudo-classes is used to style elements based on their state, you may have seen the (a:hover pseudo-class).
- For this example we can use the nth-child pseudo-class.
- We can write a CSS rule to colour the even nth-child elements for the table row.

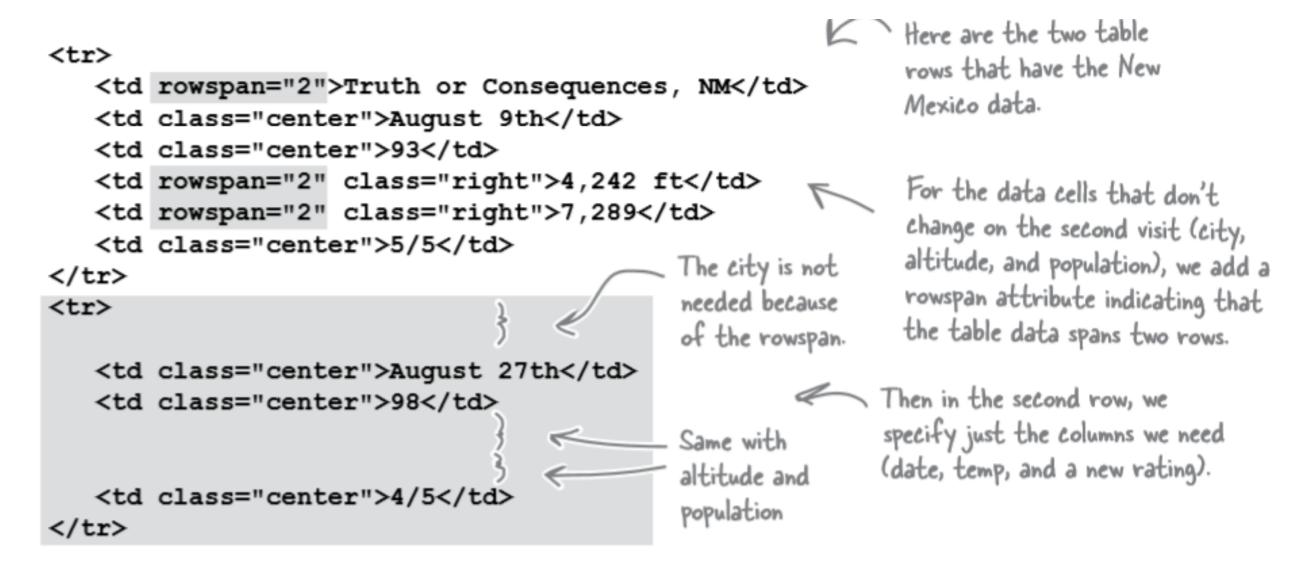


Let's say you want to select the even paragraphs (that is, paragraphs 2 and 4) so they have a red background color, and the odd paragraphs so they have a green background color. You do that like this:

• Sometimes tables have varying size cells. This is possible to define in HTML

City	Date	Тетр	Altitude	Population	Diner Rating
Walla Walla, WA	June 15th	75	1,204 ft	29,686	4/5
Magic City, ID	June 25th	74	5,312 ft	50	3/5
Bountiful, UT	July 10th	91	4,226 ft	41,173	4/5
Last Chance, CO	July 23rd	102	4.700 ft	265	3/5
Truth or Consequences, NM	August 9th	93	4,242 ft	7,289	5/5
R	August 27th	98			4/5
Why, AZ	August 18th	104	/\ 860 ft	480	3/5
		These cells	span two rows.	and din	he date, temp, er rating cells just one.

 We use the attribute rowspan to define those cells that span more than one row.



What about displaying two values in one cell?

City	Date	Temp	Altitude	Population	Diner Rating
Walla Walla, WA	June 15th	75	1,204 ft	29,686	4/5
Magic City, ID	June 25th	74	5,312 ft	50	3/5
Bountiful, UT	July 10th	91	4,226 ft	41,173	4/5
Last Chance, CO	July 23rd	102	4,780 ft	265	3/5
Truth or Consequences,	August 9th	93	4,242 ft	7,289	5/5
NM	August 27th	98			Tess 5/5 Tony 4/5
Why, AZ	August 18th	104	860 ft	480	3/5

It looks like a table within a table, we can do this by placing a inside a

Why not put both their ratings in the table? That way, we get more accurate information.

```
August 27th
  98
  >
   4/5
                              First, delete the old rating
    that represented Tony's rating ...
       >
          Tess
          5/5
       ...and put a table in its place. This table holds
       two diner ratings: one for Tess and one for
          Tony
          4/5
                            Tony. We're using table headings for their
       names, and data cells for their ratings.
```

City	Date	Temperature	Altitude	Population	Diner Rating
Walla Walla, WA	June 15th	75	1,204 ft	29,686	4/5
Magic City, ID	June 25th	74	5,312 ft	50	3/5
Bountiful, UT	July 10th	91	4,226 ft	41,173	4/5
Last Chance, CO	July 23rd	102	4,780 ft	265	3/5
	August 9th	93			5/5
Truth or Consequences, NM	August 27th	98	4,242 ft	7,289	Tess 5/5 Tony 4/5
Why, AZ	August 18th	104	860 ft	480	3/5

Ideally we don't want the for Tess and Tony to have the orange background colour.

The cities I visited on my Segway'n USA travels

You can target just the elements in the nested table using a descendant selector. Add a new rule to your CSS that uses the "table table th" selector to change the background color of the nested table headers to white:

```
table table th {
    background-color: white;
}
```

This rule reads, for any table header in a table nested within another table give it a background colour white.



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